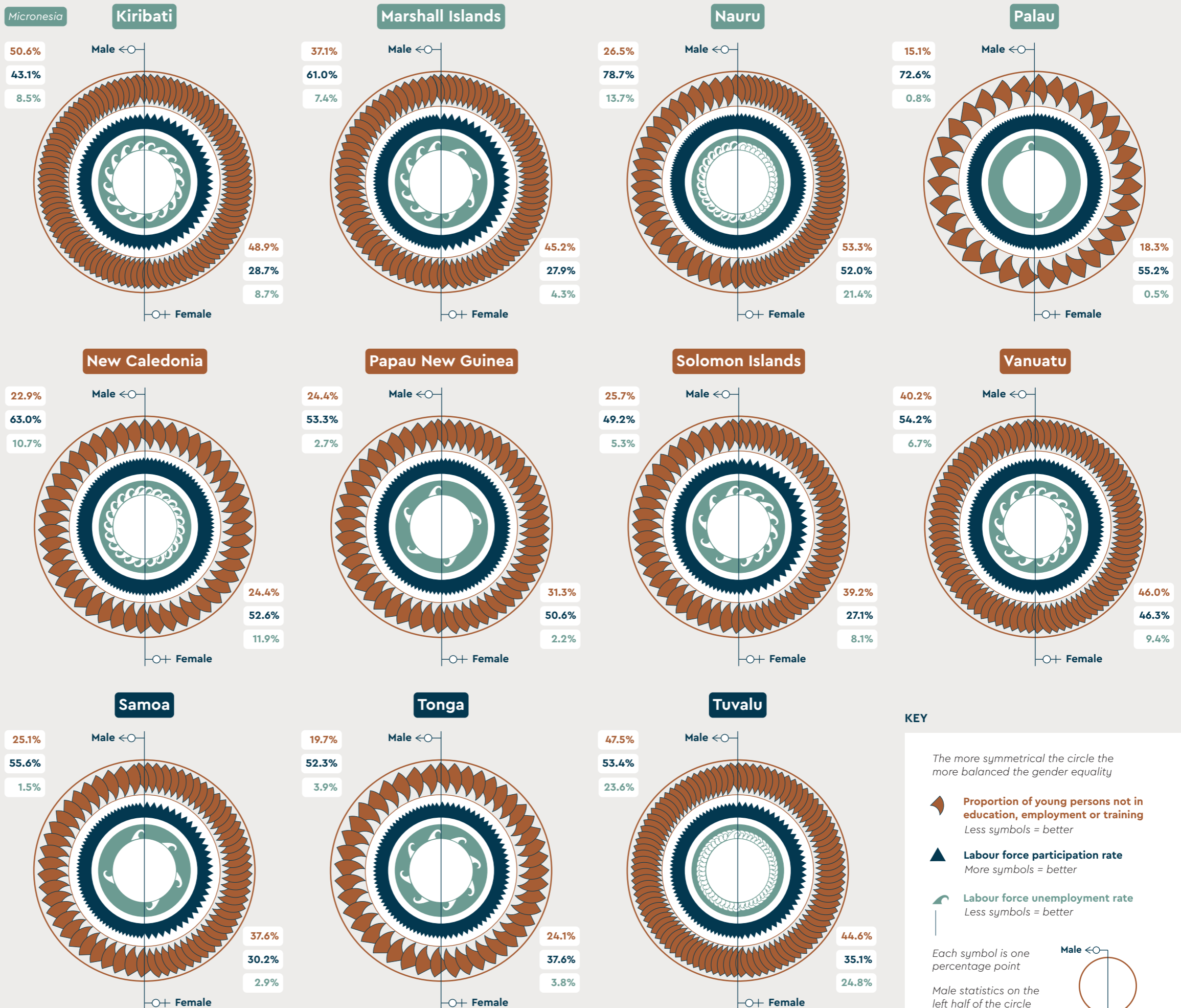# Selected Pacific Nations

GENDER (in)equality

This data visualization presents labour market statistics from selected Pacific nations. Each circle represents a gender comparison of the proportion of young people not in education, employment, or training (NEET); the labor force participation rate; and the unemployment rate. The more symmetrical the circle, the more balanced the gender equality. Additionally, the visualization compares these metrics across different Pacific countries, highlighting the stark differences between each nation.

Micronesia

Kiribati
Male
- 50.6%
- 43.1%
- 8.5%

Female
- 48.9%
- 28.7%
- 8.7%

Marshall Islands
Male
- 37.1%
- 61.0%
- 7.4%

Female
- 45.2%
- 27.9%
- 4.3%

Nauru
Male
- 26.5%
- 78.7%
- 13.7%

Female
- 53.3%
- 52.0%
- 21.4%

Palau
Male
- 15.1%
- 72.6%
- 0.8%

Female
- 18.3%
- 55.2%
- 0.5%

Melanesia

Fiji
Male
- 10.8%
- 77.0%
- 4.3%

Female
- 29.6%
- 38.5%
- 5.5%

New Caledonia
Male
- 22.9%
- 63.0%
- 10.7%

Female
- 24.4%
- 52.6%
- 11.9%

Papau New Guinea
Male
- 24.4%
- 53.3%
- 2.7%

Female
- 31.3%
- 50.6%
- 2.2%

Solomon Islands
Male
- 25.7%
- 49.2%
- 5.3%

Female
- 39.2%
- 27.1%
- 8.1%

Vanuatu
Male
- 40.2%
- 54.2%
- 6.7%

Female
- 46.0%
- 46.3%
- 9.4%

Polynesia

Cook Islands
Male
- 14.6%
- 70.4%
- 2.4%

Female
- 23.8%
- 58.7%
- 1.5%

Samoa
Male
- 25.1%
- 55.6%
- 1.5%

Female
- 37.6%
- 30.2%
- 2.9%

Tonga
Male
- 19.7%
- 52.3%
- 3.9%

Female
- 24.1%
- 37.6%
- 3.8%

Tuvalu
Male
- 47.5%
- 53.4%
- 23.6%

Female
- 44.6%
- 35.1%
- 24.8%

KEY

The more symmetrical the circle the more balanced the gender equality

- **Proportion of young persons not in education, employment or training**
  Less symbols = better

- **Labour force participation rate**
  More symbols = better

- **Labour force unemployment rate**
  Less symbols = better

Each symbol is one percentage point

Male
Female

Male statistics on the left half of the circle and female on the right